# Texas & The Mexican-American War



#### As a Young Historian, I will be able to...

- Describe how Texas was settled and how it won independence from Mexico.
- Explain the debate around the annexation of Texas.
- Identify the causes and outcome of the Mexican-American War.

# **Texas Fights for Independence**

The region of Texas was part of Mexico, & offered large fertile land for farming & grazing

The Tejanos (Mexico population) was small in the area, only about 4,000

Mexico agrees to allow Americans to settle area, but had to become Mexican citizens, become Catholic, & follow Mexican constitution

These "empresarios" would also have to refrain from slavery in the region

#### Relations with Government

Stephen F. Austin led emigrants to Texas to found Austin. 1835 30,000 Americans in region

Anglo-Texans go against Mexico's orders to become Catholic & smuggle in slaves in region

Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna- Mexican dictator who favored a ruthless authoritarian government

People in Texas argued for autonomy- independent control over their own affairs

#### Lone Star!

Texans begin to sized garrisons, declare independence, adopt a constitution for their Lone Star Republic

A small rebellion fights back against Mexico at The Alamo, Mexico crushes the defenders & they are slaughtered

Jim Bowie, Davy Crockett, & others killed as well as prisoners at Goliad

Those killed became martyrs & Texans began to chant the slogan "Remember the Alamo!"

# **Conflicts**

Sam Houston leads Santa Anna into a trap, killing 630 soldiers & capturing 730 including Santa Anna

Houston only loses 32 men in the Battle of San Jacinto

Santa Anna signs a treaty for Texas Independence including parts of New Mexico

Government of Mexico disagrees with treaty & conflict in regions stretches for a decade

# **Expansion?**

Sam Houston becomes first president, but reaches out to President Jackson to annex it as a state

He begins to pretend to be interested in joining Britain to alarm Congress

> James K. Polk runs for president & promises to annex Texas & force Britain to give up Oregon country

Britain & Polk sign treaty to split Oregon Country at the 49<sup>th</sup> parallel of latitude

# Mexican-American War

Texas is annexed in December 1845 & tensions flare between Texas & Mexico

Polk endorses claim to the area of land to the Rio Grande & Mexico refuses to recognize the claim

General Zachary Taylor occupies border & Polk drafts declaration of war

May 1846, Mexican patrol classes with American soldiers & war is declared

#### Mexican-American War

U.S. split on war, south was in favor but the North thought it was provoked & U.S. might invade Mexico

The biggest concern from the North was the possible addition of more slave states

U.S. fights a one-sided war against Mexico, winning every battle

War ends in 1847 after a year & a half with a thorough American victory