## 3.7

# Equilibrium & Price Controls



#### As a Young Historian, I will be able to...

- Explain how supply and demand create equilibrium in the marketplace.
- Describe what happens to prices, quantities demanded, and quantities supplied when equilibrium is disturbed.
- Identify two ways that the government intervenes in markets to control prices and restricts the use of individual property.
- Analyze the impacts of price ceilings and price floors on the free market.

#### Achieving Equilibrium

Prices are affected by supply, demand, & government action

Goal is to find a balance between sides of market



**Equilibrium-** Point of balance at which the quantity demanded equals the quantity supplied.

To find it, find the price at which the quantity supplied equals the quantity demanded

#### Benefits to Buyers & Sellers

In any market, supply & demand will be equal at only one price & one quantity

When equilibrium is met, buyers will purchase as much of a good as firms will sell

Equilibrium benefits both sellers & buyers!



### Effects of Disequilibrium

**Disequilibrium-** When quantity supplied is not equal to quantity demanded in a market

**Shortage-** Excess demand, exists when quantity demand is more than quantity supplied



When the actual price in a market is below the equilibrium, you have a shortagediscourages sellers but encourages buyers

Let's look back at our pizza place...

### Surplus

Surplus- excess supply, when the quantity supplied exceeds quantity demanded & actual price of a good is higher than equilibrium

Higher prices make more money, but discourage people from buying

Sometimes costs need to be cut down to meet equilibrium



#### **Price Ceilings**

Price ceiling- a maximum price that can be legally charged for a good or service.

SET BELOW EQUILIBRIUM

Rent control- Price ceiling placed on apartment rents to prevent inflation during housing crisis



Unfortunately, this can lead to some people having no home & government has to pass laws to support those with greatest need

Can you just end rent control?

## Consequences

People who lived in rent controlled apartments might not be able to afford rent

Areas can push those who are poorer out, raising interest rates in area

**Economists argue in favor of rent control!** 



#### **Price Floor**

Price Floor- Minimum price, set by government, that must be paid for a good or service

Minimum Wage- minimum price employers can pay for 1-hr of labor



There is a federal minimum wage, but states can make their own higher

Goal is to have a minimum wage below equilibrium!