George W. Bush Presidency

As a Young Historian, I will be able to...

- Assess the outcome of the 2000 presidential election.
- Explain the goals and achievements of George W. Bush's domestic policy.
- Explain the significance of terrorist attacks on the United States and U.S. involvement in world affairs.
- Summarize the important issues of Bush's second term.
- Understand the causes and effects of the 2008 financial crisis and economic recession..

Controversy in the 2000 Election

During the 2000 election, the Democrats ran Vice President Al Gore & Senator Joseph Liberman to run

The Republicans chose George W. Bush, the son of George H.W. Bush, to run



Ralph Nader ran under a third party ticket for the Green party, Democrats were worried he would take votes away from Gore

Bush favored tax cuts while Gore wanted to strengthen Social Security & pay down national debt

A Close Call

America voted along party lines leading to a razor thin voting margin with no clear winner

Both parties began to watch Florida, due to its 25 electoral college votes, due to a recount

Bush barely wins the votes by 500, but Nader received 97,000 votes that Democrats thought would have gone to Gore

Democrats demanded a recount & Republicans sued to stop it. The Supreme Court stepped in & stopped the recount

Bush Agenda

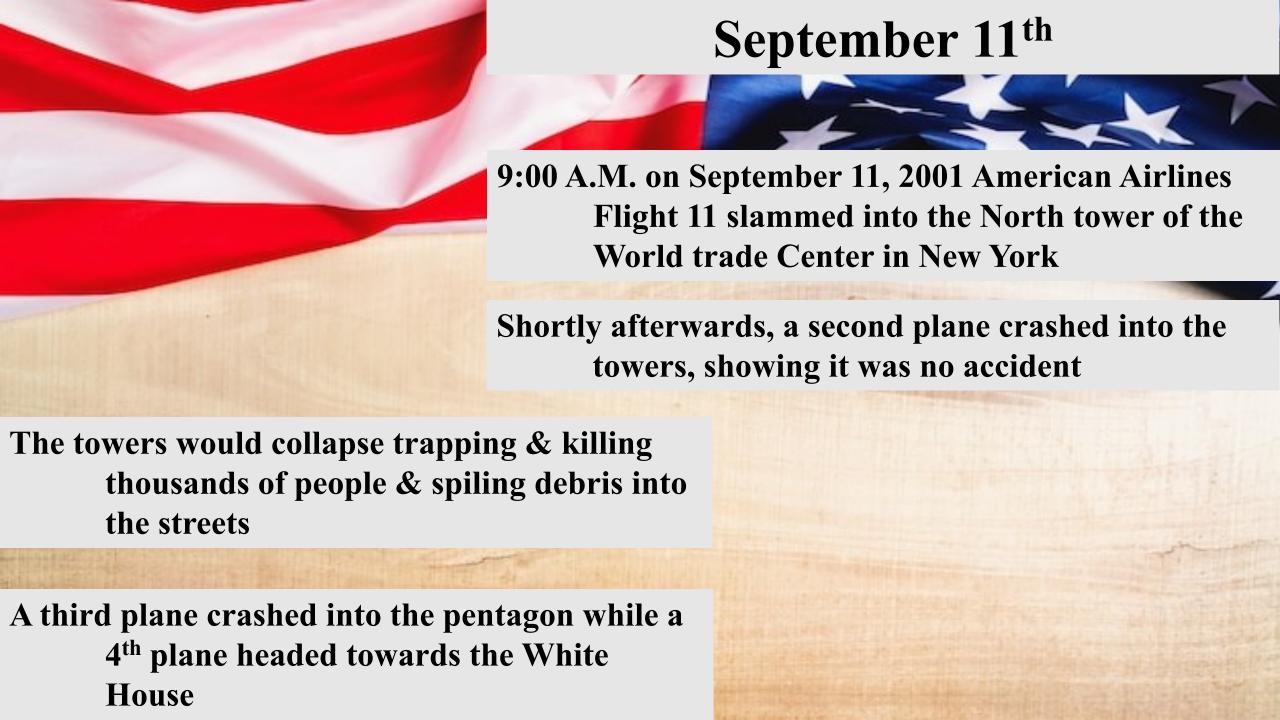
Bush barely wins Presidency with 271 electoral college votes (270 needed to win) & Gore concedes

2001 Bush passes a 1.3 trillion tax cut to the wealthy to try & put money in consumers hands



2002- No Child Left Behind- Bill that penalized schools that did not reach federal performance standards

2003- Extended Medicare to cover prescription drugs for senior citizens, bill was expensive & confusing



Terrorist Attacks

The passengers on the 4th plane, hearing about the attacks via cellphones stormed the cockpit...

Crashing the plane into a field near Pittsburgh, killing all on board



Soon afterwards, it was confirmed that the Al Qaeda Islamist terrorist groups led the attacks

3,000 people died from the attacks & the deaths are still being reported due to health concerns



Al Qaeda

Al Qaeda was led by Osama Bin Laden who was committed to ending all American involvement in the Middle East

1993- Al Qaeda set off a bomb at the World Trade Center killing 6 people

1998- Al Qaeda sets off car bombs at various American Embassy's

2000- Bombed an American ship off the coast of Yemen

Legacy of 9/11

Americans, shocked by 9/11, rallied around the nation donating blood, services, & supplies

200- Someone was sending Anthrax, a biological bacteria weapon, through the mail



After 9/11 the airlines industries fell & spending decreased due to fear

The attacks cost the economy 1 million jobs & countries output dropped 3%



War on Terror

The events of 9/11 happened in the first year of Bush's presidency & his office focused on prosecution of those who organized attack

The War of Terror was the governments protocol to eliminate terrorist activities worldwide

Taliban- Terrorist organization working with various groups to train terrorists

U.S. & Britain invade Afghanistan overthrowing the Taliban, capturing some Al Qaeda leaders, but missing Bin Laden

National Security

USA PATRIOT Act- Law enforcement gained broader powers to monitor suspected terrorists

Department of Homeland Security- Cabinet agency that oversaw security matters among federal, state, & local agencies



Terrorist prisoners were send to a U.S. base at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. Many without formal charges

Habeas Corpus- Constitutional guarantee that no one can be held in prison without charges being filed



Controversy

Supreme Court began to examine Bush administrations policy of military tribunals to prosecute enemy troops

Hamdan V. Rumsfeld- Court ruled that military courts violated the Geneva Convention & U.S. federal law

Bush administration moved war to Iraq believing that Saddam Hussein was building advanced weapons

Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD)- Nuclear, biological, & chemical weapons

Bush's Second Term

Bush runs for President against Sen John Kerry with the help of Lionel Sosa to build up Latino votes

Wins a second term & sets his sights on new issues



2005-2006 Iraq begins building a democratic government & Saddam Hussein is captured & executed

Three major groups begin to fight for control, The Sunni & Shi'a Muslims & The Kurds

2008- Senate Intelligence Committee finds no credible evidence of WMDS in Iraq



Issues at Home

2005- Hurricane Katrina destroyed a large portion of New Orleans & government support was slow

1997- Kyoto Treaty was signed by 140 nations to curb carbon dioxide & other greenhouse gasses

Bush Administration announces it would not abide by treaty claiming it could harm U.S. economy

2008- Housing market crashes & the U.S. slides into a recession creating the worst economic crisis since the Great Depression