

**6.5**

**Diplomacy**

# **America's Representatives to the World**

**1<sup>st</sup> Cabinet office is the Secretary of State & its  
their job to conduct diplomacy in the  
world**

**They oversee posts & manage foreign affairs in  
the world with other departments**

**The State Department will organize some offices in  
parts of the world such as the Bureau of  
African Affairs**

**Others have wide missions like Bureau of  
International Narcotics & Law Enforcement  
Affairs**



The background of the slide is a close-up, slightly blurred image of the American flag, showing the stars and stripes in warm, golden tones.

# **Legation & Ambassadors**

**Right of Legation-** The right to send & receive diplomatic representatives.

**Ambassador-** Official representative of a sovereign state in the conduct of its foreign affairs

**The U.S. has about 260 diplomatic & consular offices abroad in over 180 countries**

**Special Diplomats serve as ambassadors, but for organizations such as the UN & the North Atlantic Treaty Council**

# Privileges

**Diplomatic Immunity-** Ambassadors are not subject to the state to which they are visiting

If they do something wrong they can become *Persona Non Grata*.

Very rarely is diplomatic immunity ignored, most famous was the Iran Hostage Crisis

**Passport-** legal document issued by a state that identifies a person as a citizen of that state.

**Visa-** Permit to enter another state & must be obtained from the country one wishes to enter



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# Foreign Aid

**Economic & military aid given to other countries.  
Began with the Lend-Lease program during  
WWII**

**Aid used to be just based on economic principles**

**Now, a large amount of it is military support &  
aid**

**Most foreign aid money must be used to buy  
American goods & services**

# NATO

The background of the slide is a close-up, slightly blurred image of the United States flag, showing the stars and stripes in warm, muted tones.

**North Atlantic Treaty Organization, alliance to promote defense of Western Europe**

**Regional Security Alliances-** agreement the U.S. & others have to stop aggression in parts of the world

**NATO currently works with nations to deal collectively with issues such as terrorism & world peace**

The background of the entire slide is a close-up, slightly blurred image of the American flag, showing the stars and stripes in warm, golden tones.

# **The United Nations (UN)**

**First created after WWII by the allied forces to promote peace on a global scale.**

**The U.N. has a general assembly that will meet to discuss world issues, much like Congress**

**Security Council-** maintaining international peace & adopts measures to combat those.

**The U.N. also has an economic/social council, International Court, & the secretariat that brings issues to the table**